

# General Watershed Approach to Chinook Salmon Habitat Restoration

Chapter 8 SRP

Mike LeMoine



SKAGIT RIVER SYSTEM  
COOPERATIVE

# Chinook Life Cycle

- Chinook productivity is dependent on migratory pathways and the habitats used
- Recovery must consider the **Whole life cycle** from spawning grounds to the ocean

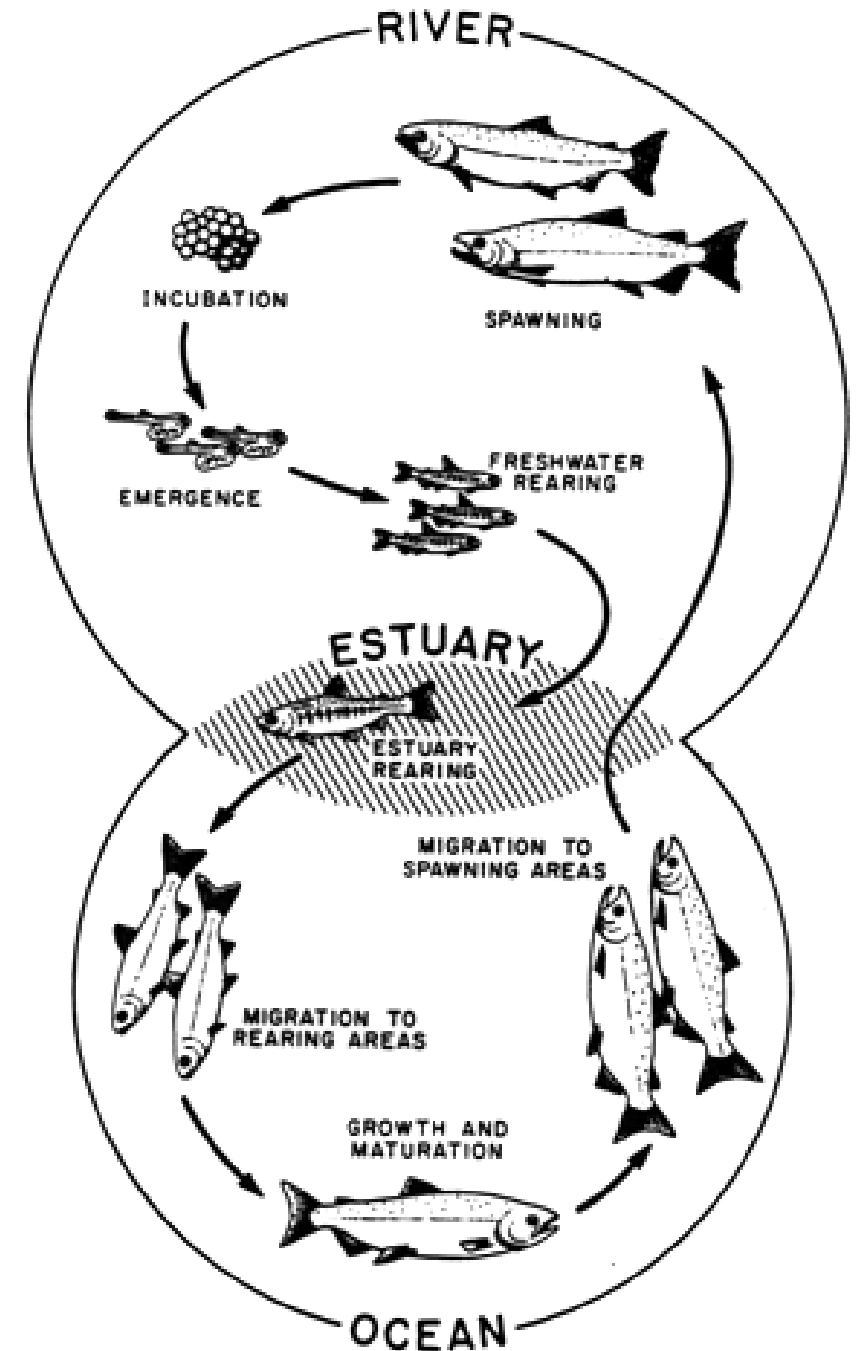
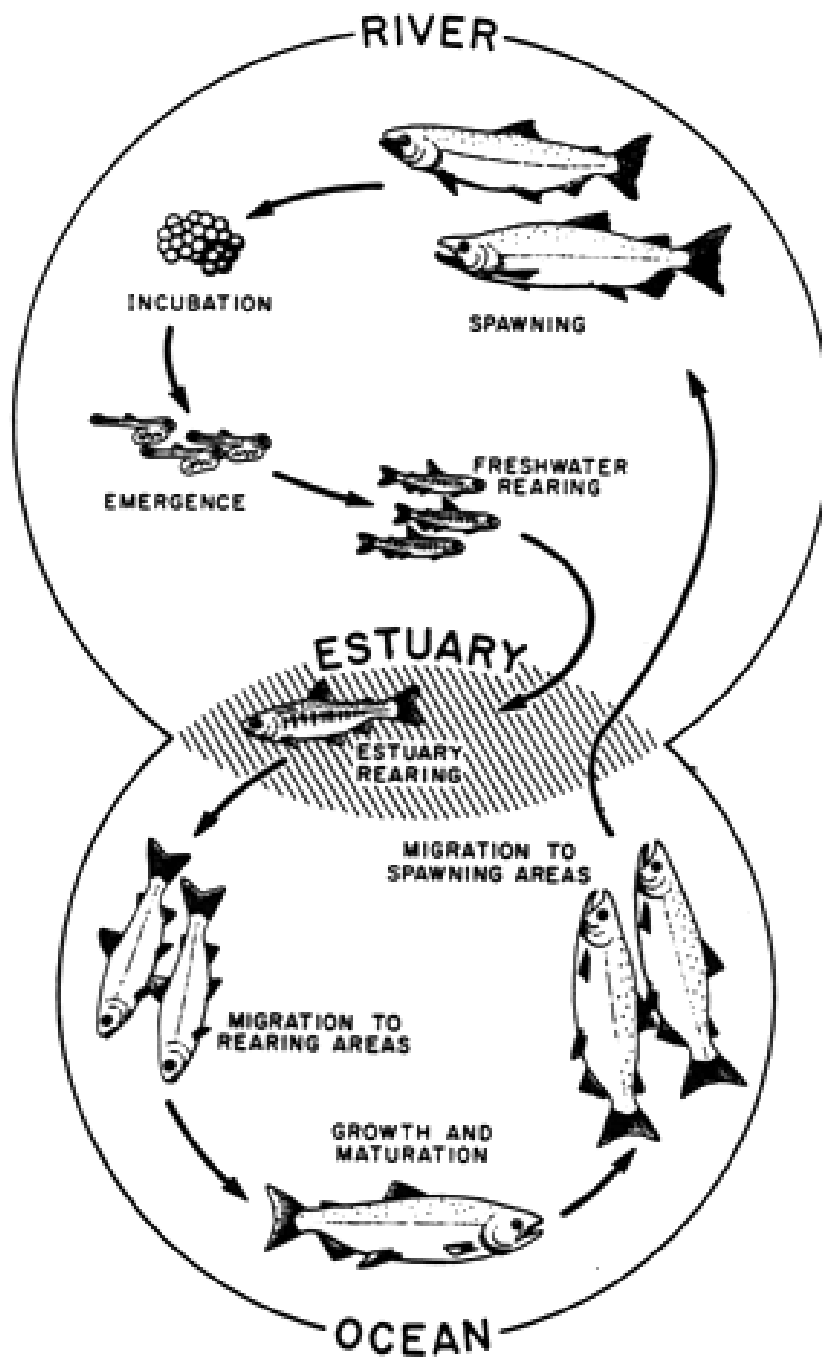


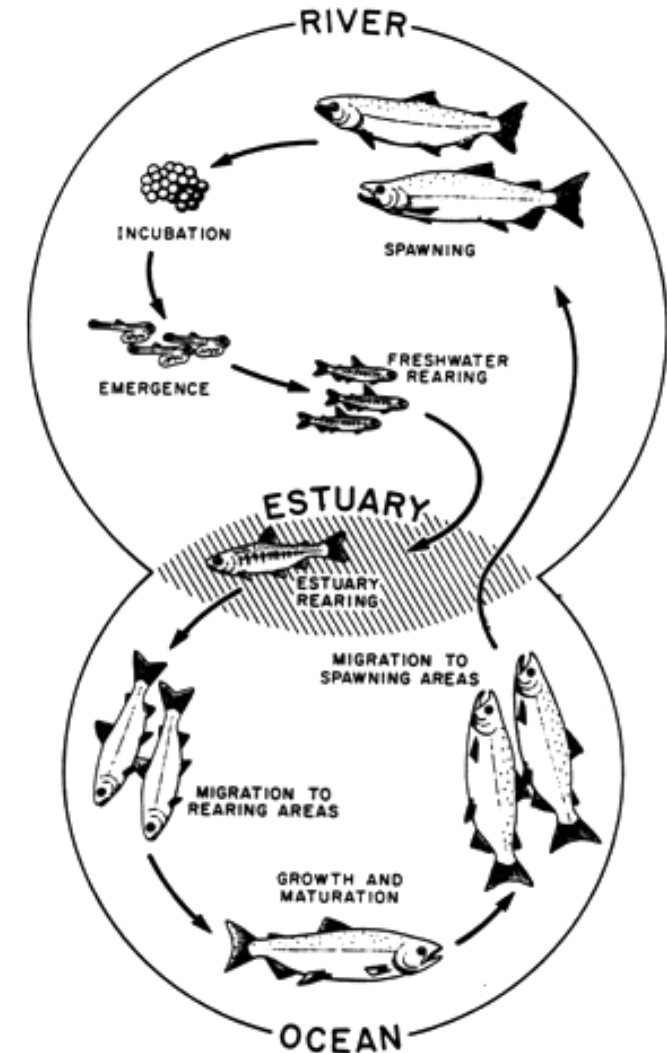


Photo source: oceanexplorer.noaa.gov



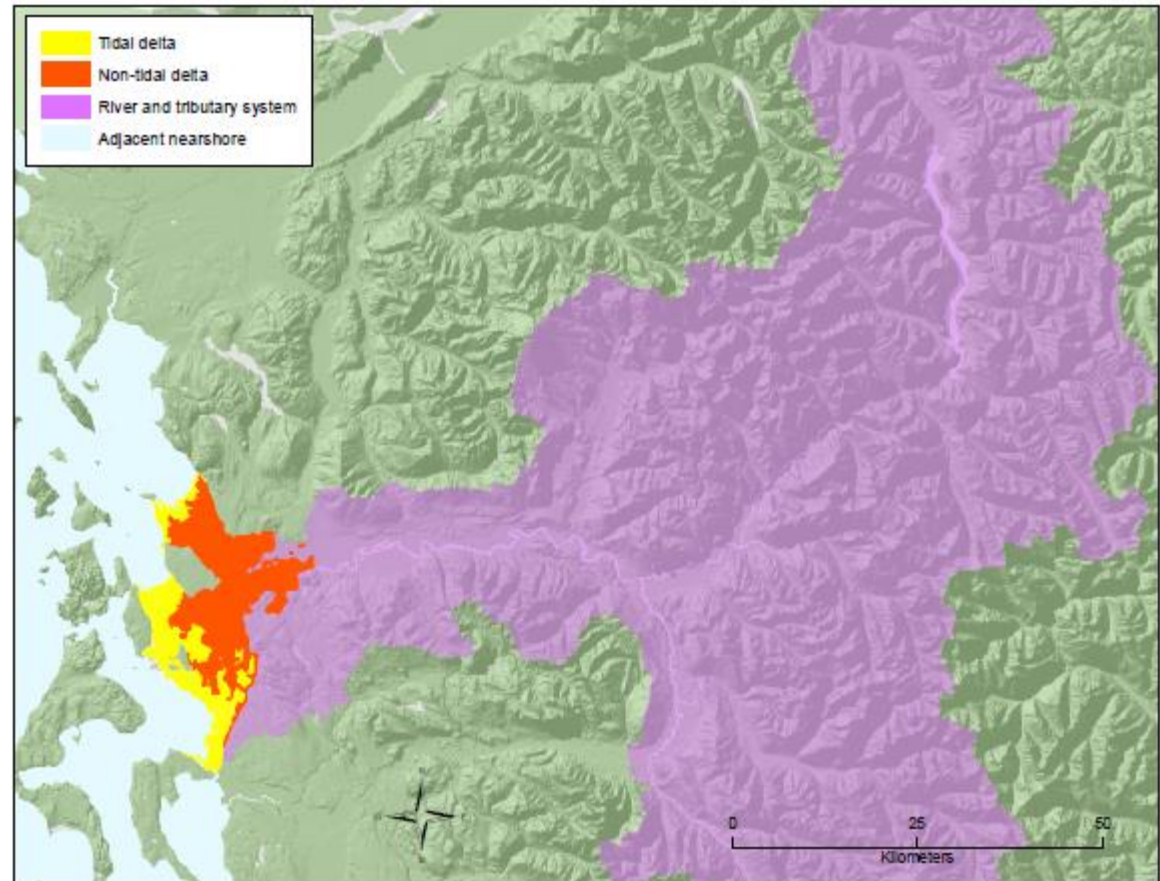
# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean Survival\*

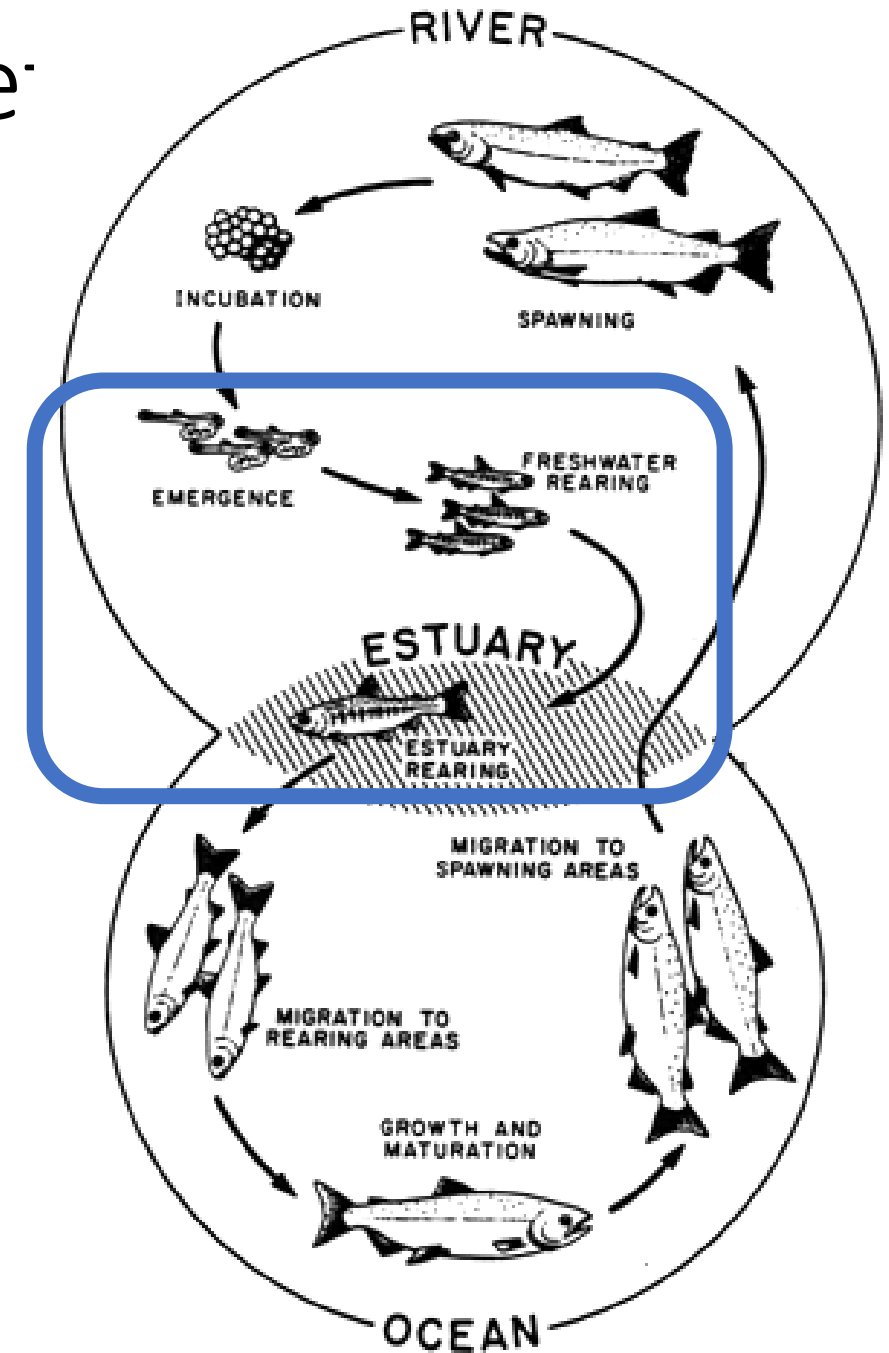
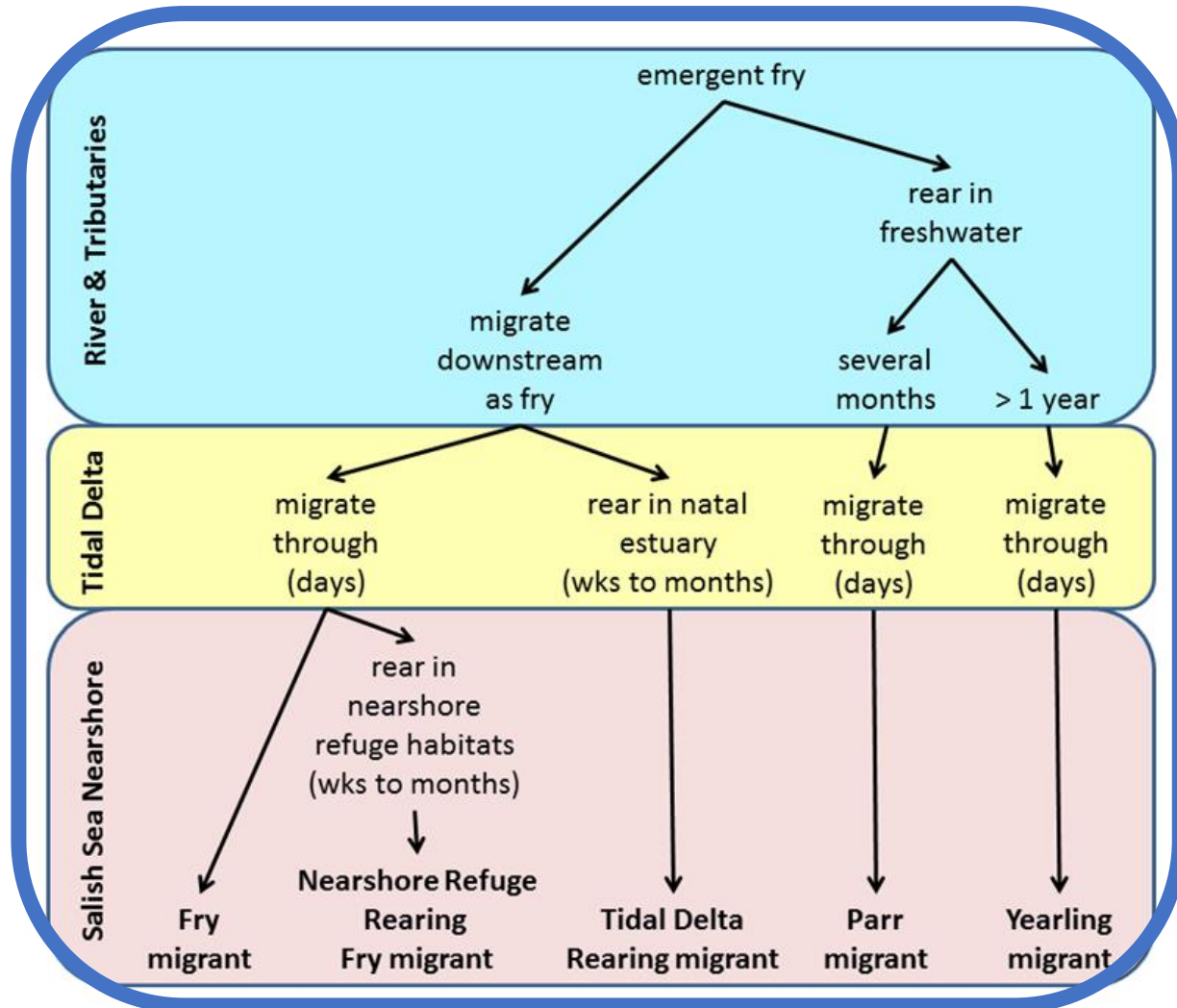


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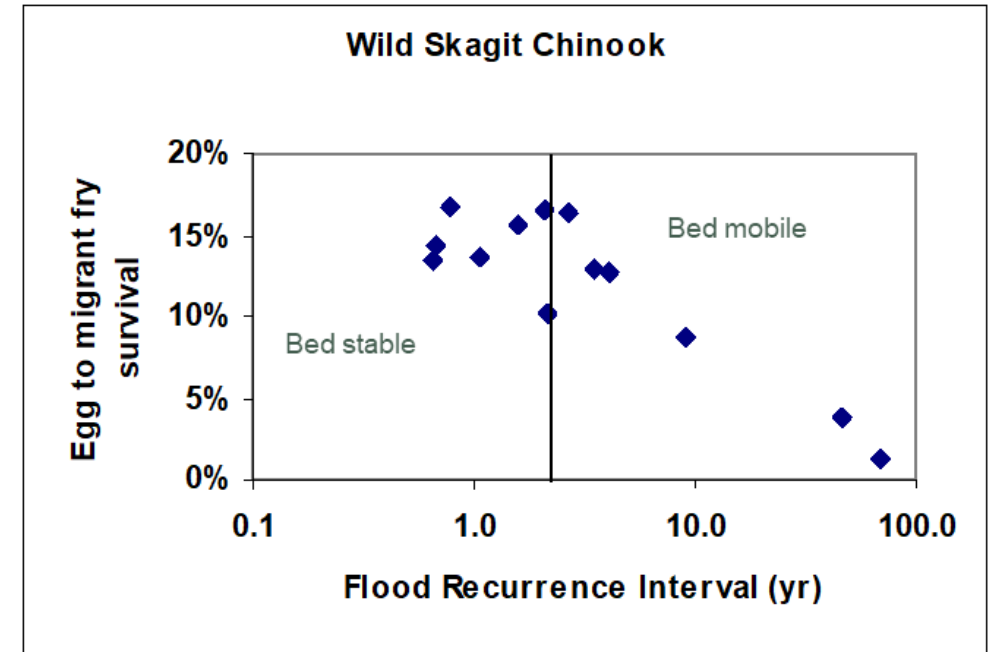


# Multiple Pathways to Complete the Cycle



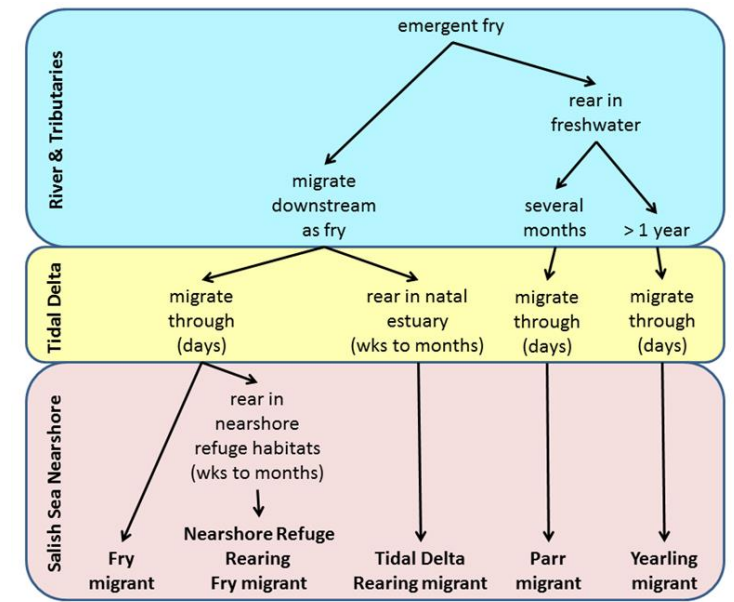
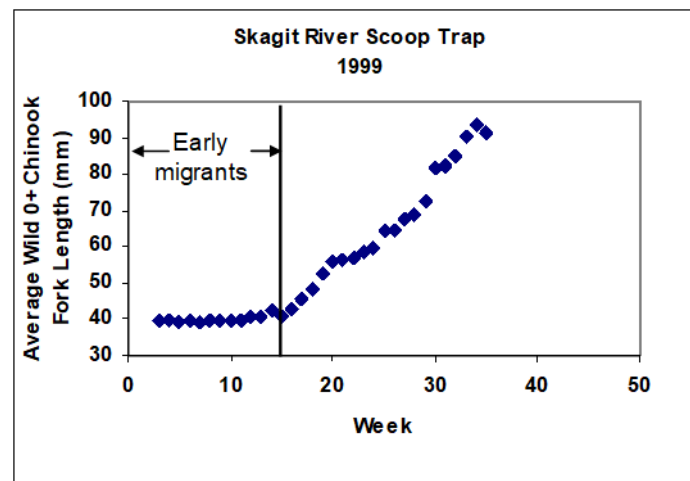
# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

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- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal delta
- Tidal delta rearing
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean survival\*



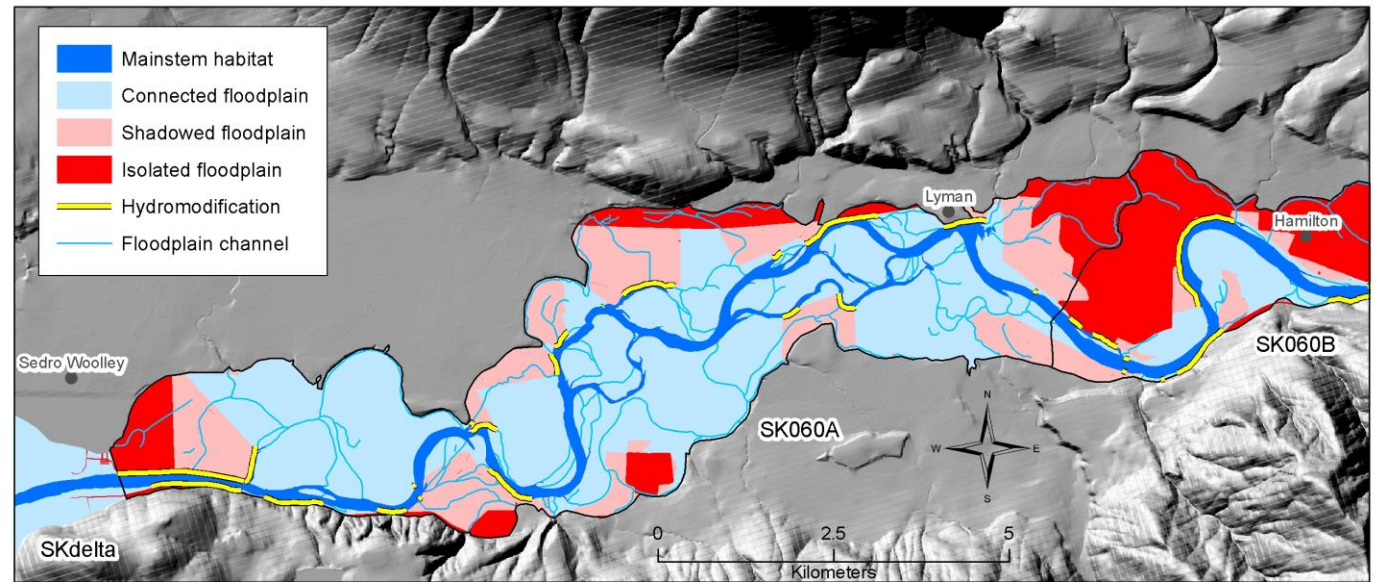
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# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

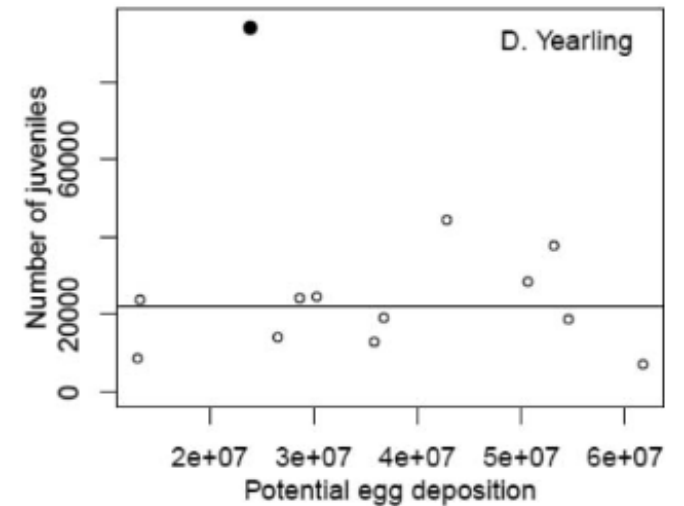
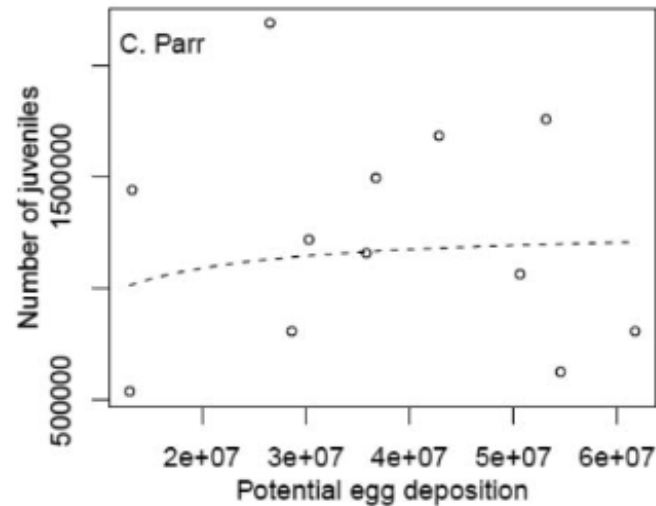
- Spawning and incubation
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- 31% loss of floodplain isolated or shadowed from river hydrology
- 17% of large river edge is hardened (riprap)
- loss of off channel length, backwater area, and natural bank habitat

# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

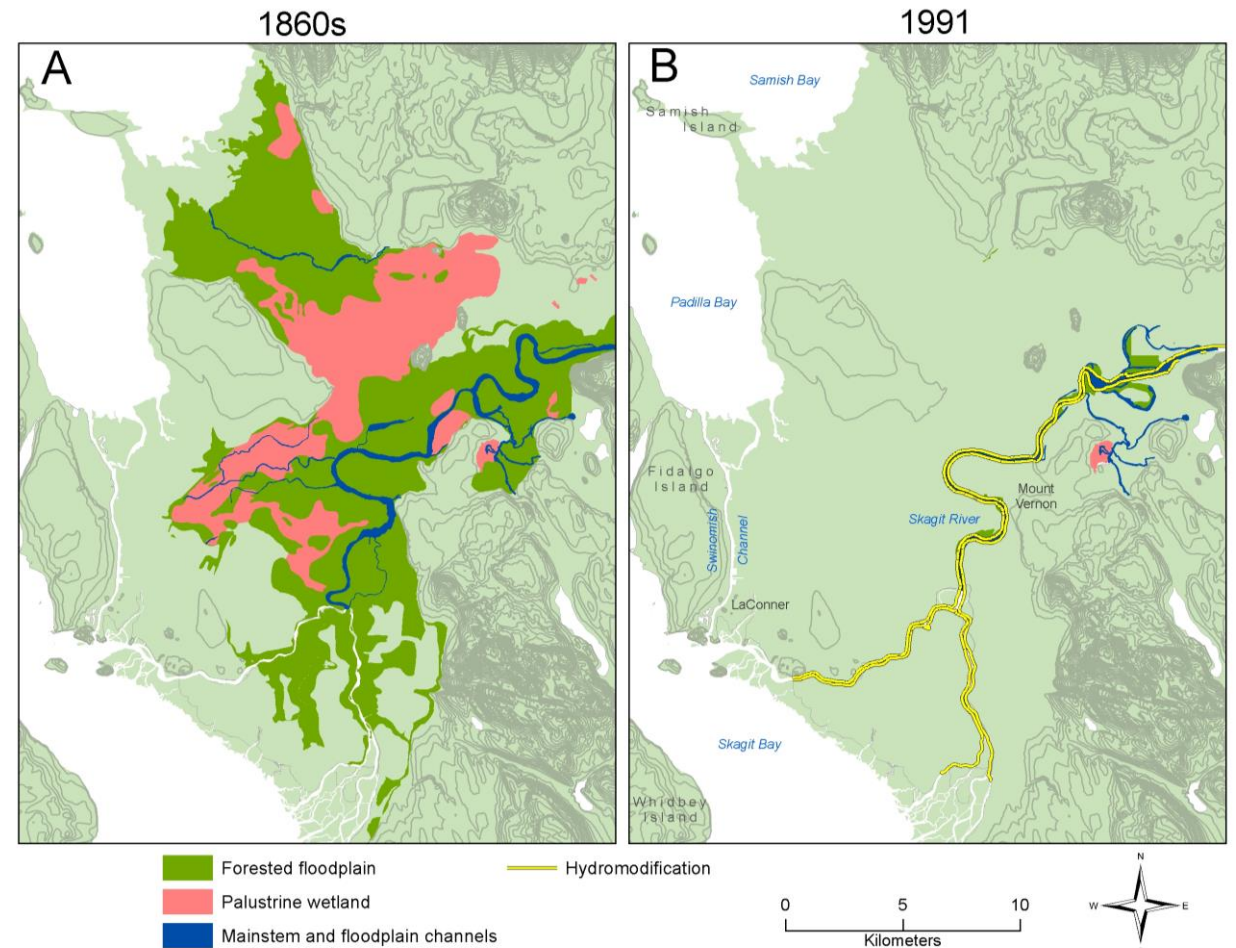
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Zimmerman et al. 2015

# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

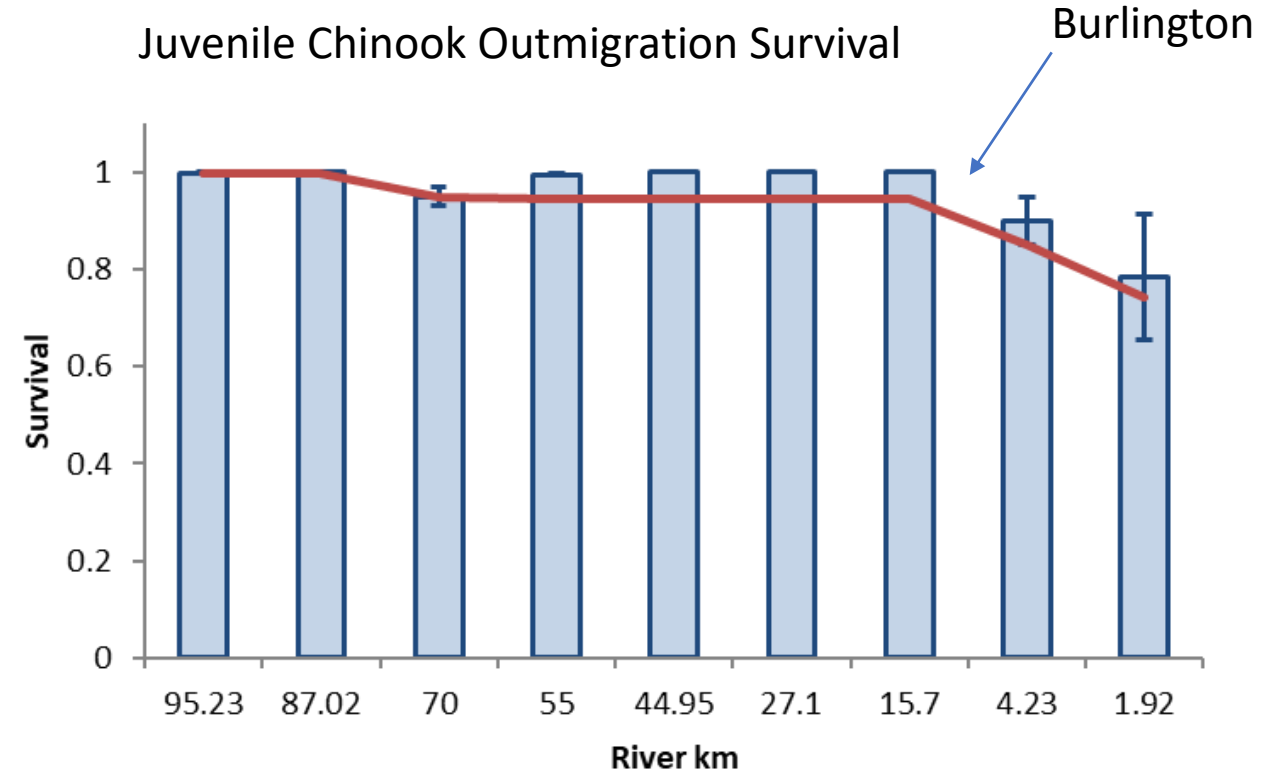
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- Ocean survival\*



~ 98% loss of nontidal delta area

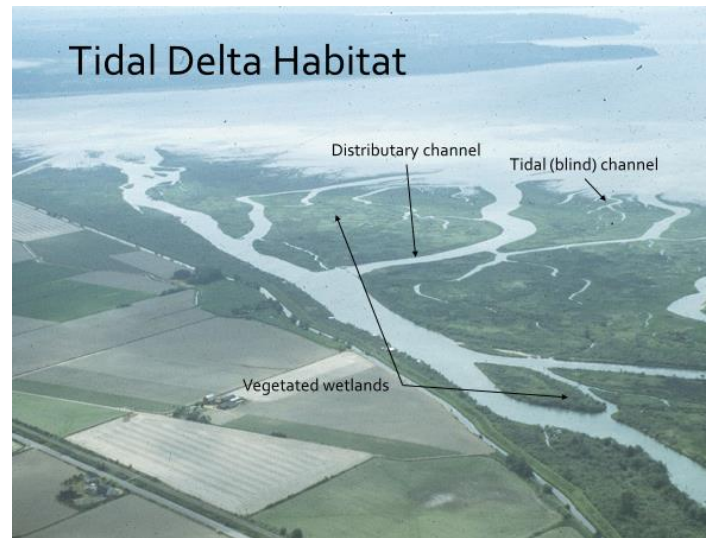
# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing Ch 10
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean survival\*



# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing Ch 11
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean survival\*



~73% loss of historical tidal delta footprint

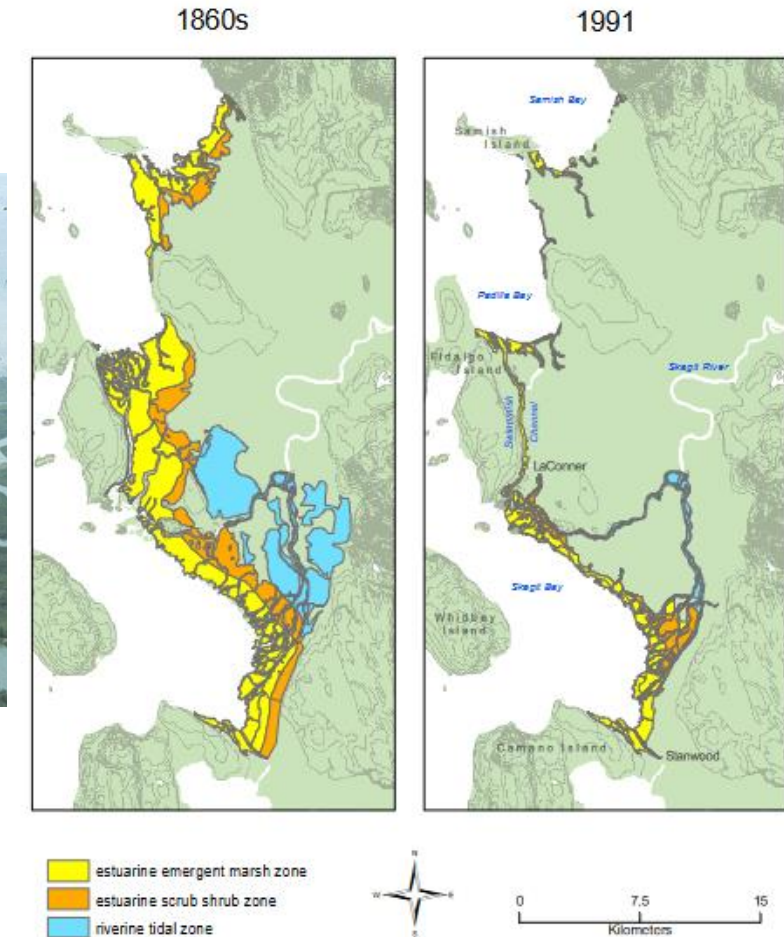
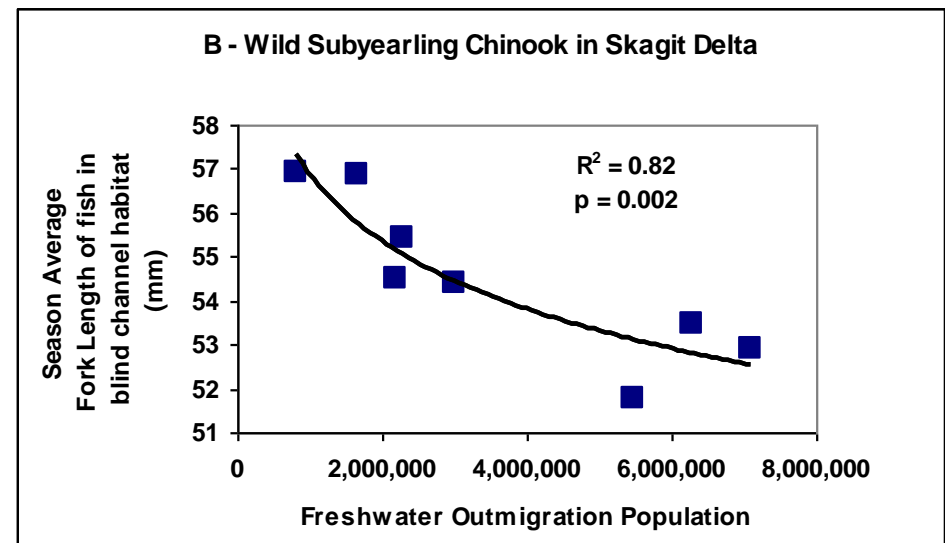
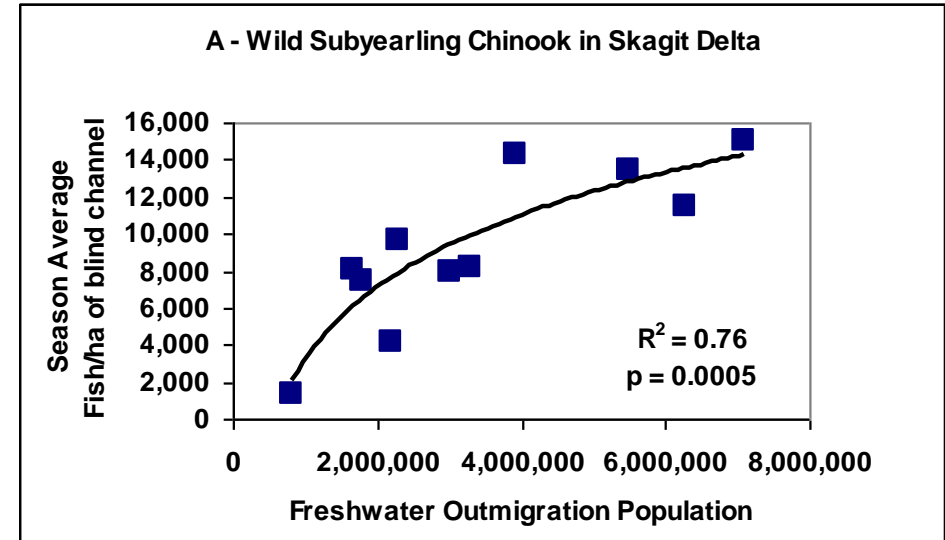


Figure 3.1. Changes to the estuarine habitat zones within the geomorphic Skagit delta. Historic (circa. 1860s) conditions were reconstructed by Collins (2000) using archival maps and survey notes. Current habitat zones were mapped by Beamer et al. (2000b) using 1991 orthophotos.

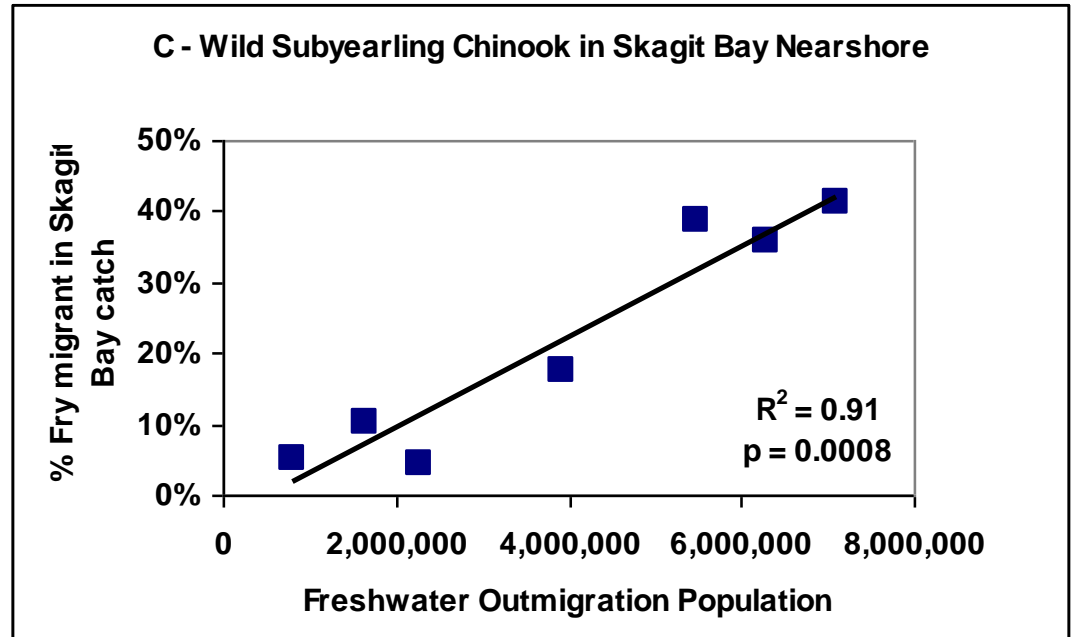
# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing Ch 11
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean survival\*



# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

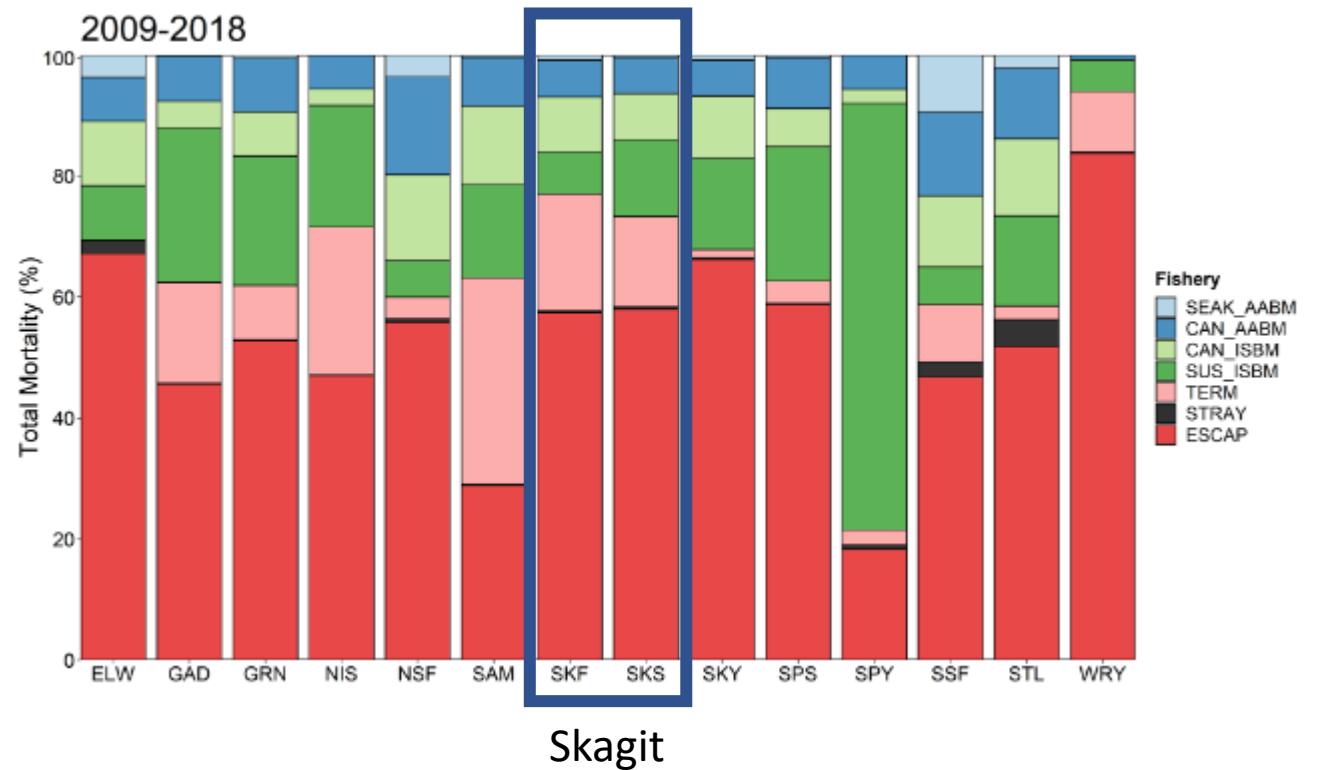
- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing
- Nearshore rearing Ch 12
- Ocean survival\*



# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

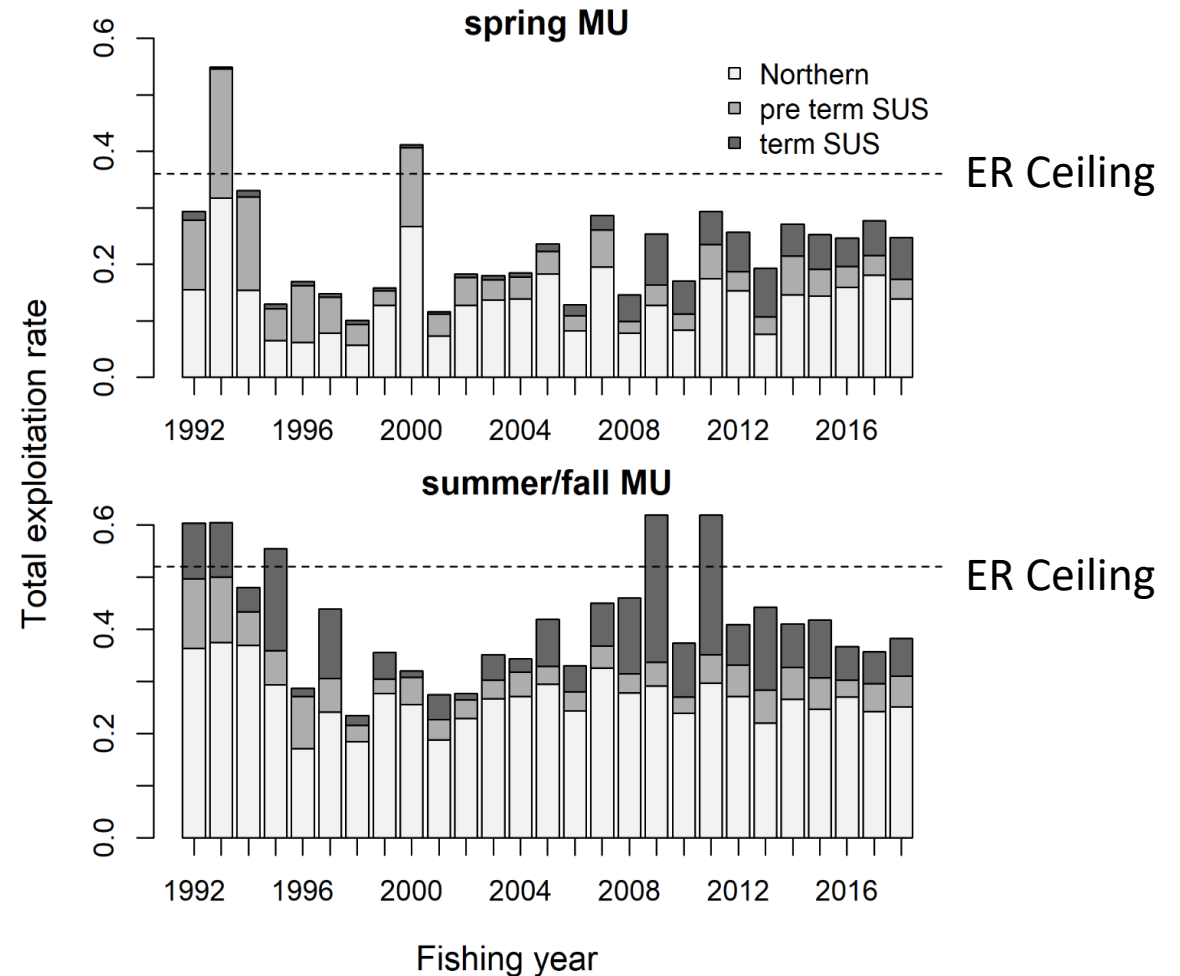
- Spawning and incubation
- Freshwater rearing
  - Floodplains
  - Nontidal Delta
- Tidal delta rearing
- Nearshore rearing
- Ocean survival\* Ch 4 & 6

From Pacific Salmon Commission



# Recovery Planning within the Life Cycle

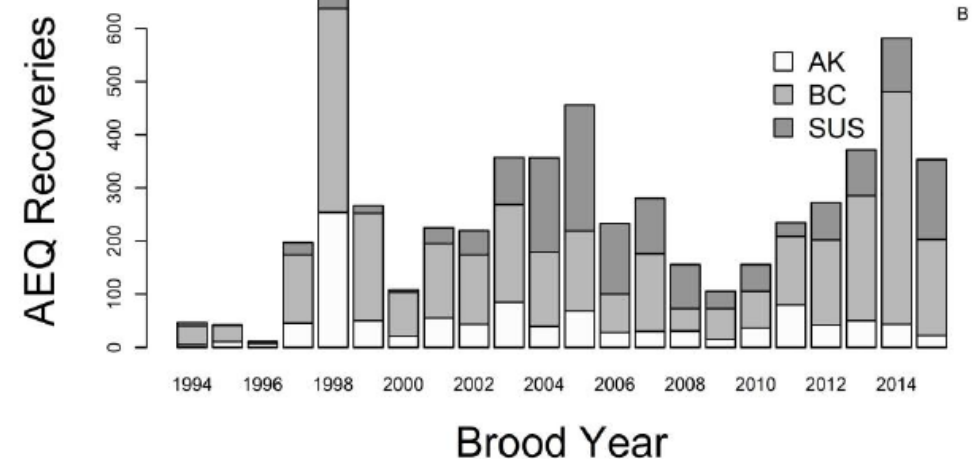
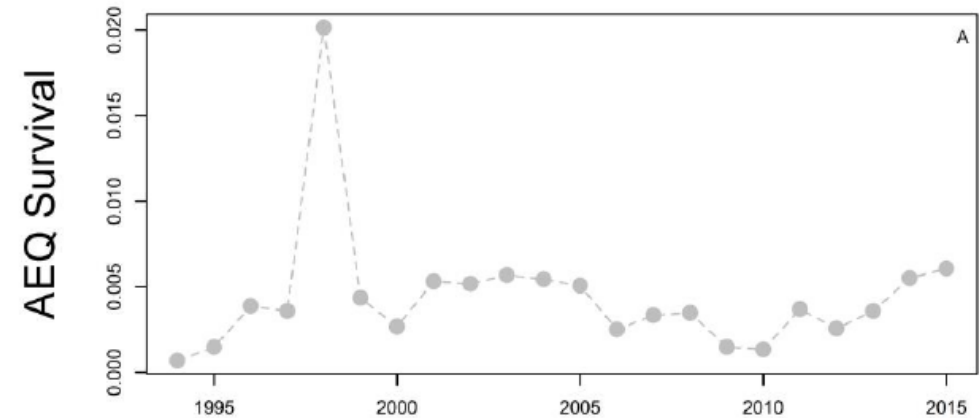
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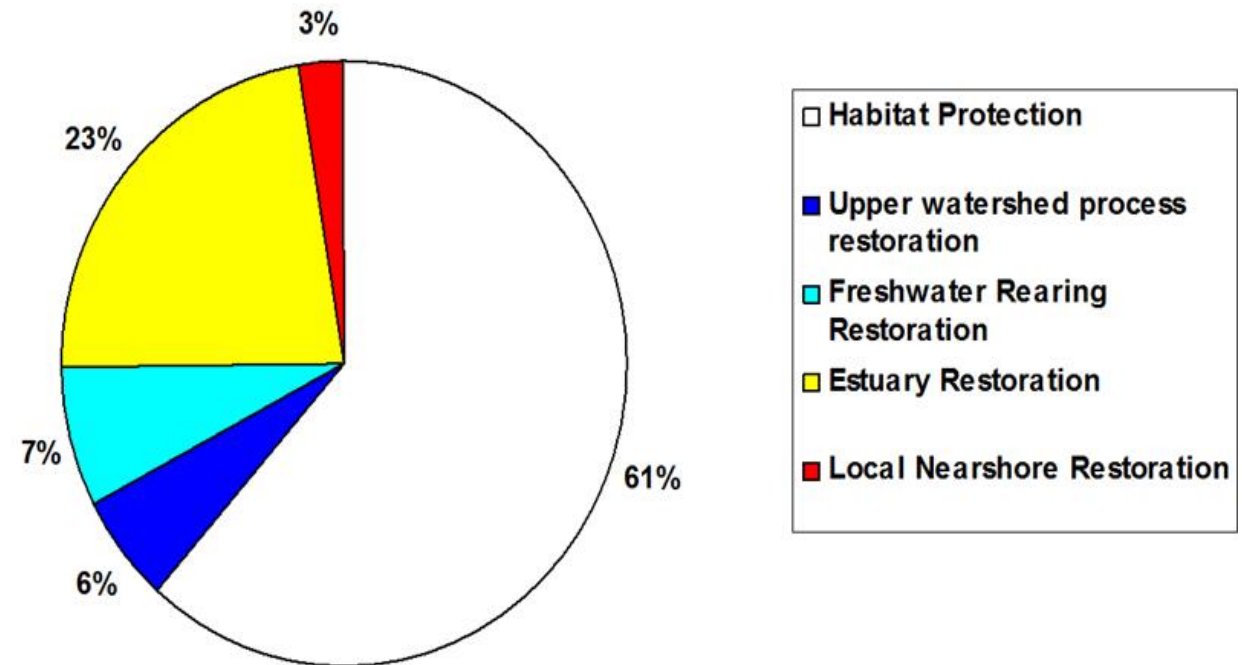
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From Skagit Co-managers



# Contributions to Recovery Goals

- Habitat
  - Habitat Protection
  - Habitat Restoration\*
    - Upper watershed spawning and incubation
    - Freshwater (flood plains)
    - Tidal Delta
    - Nearby Nearshore
- Harvest
- Hatcheries
- Hydropower

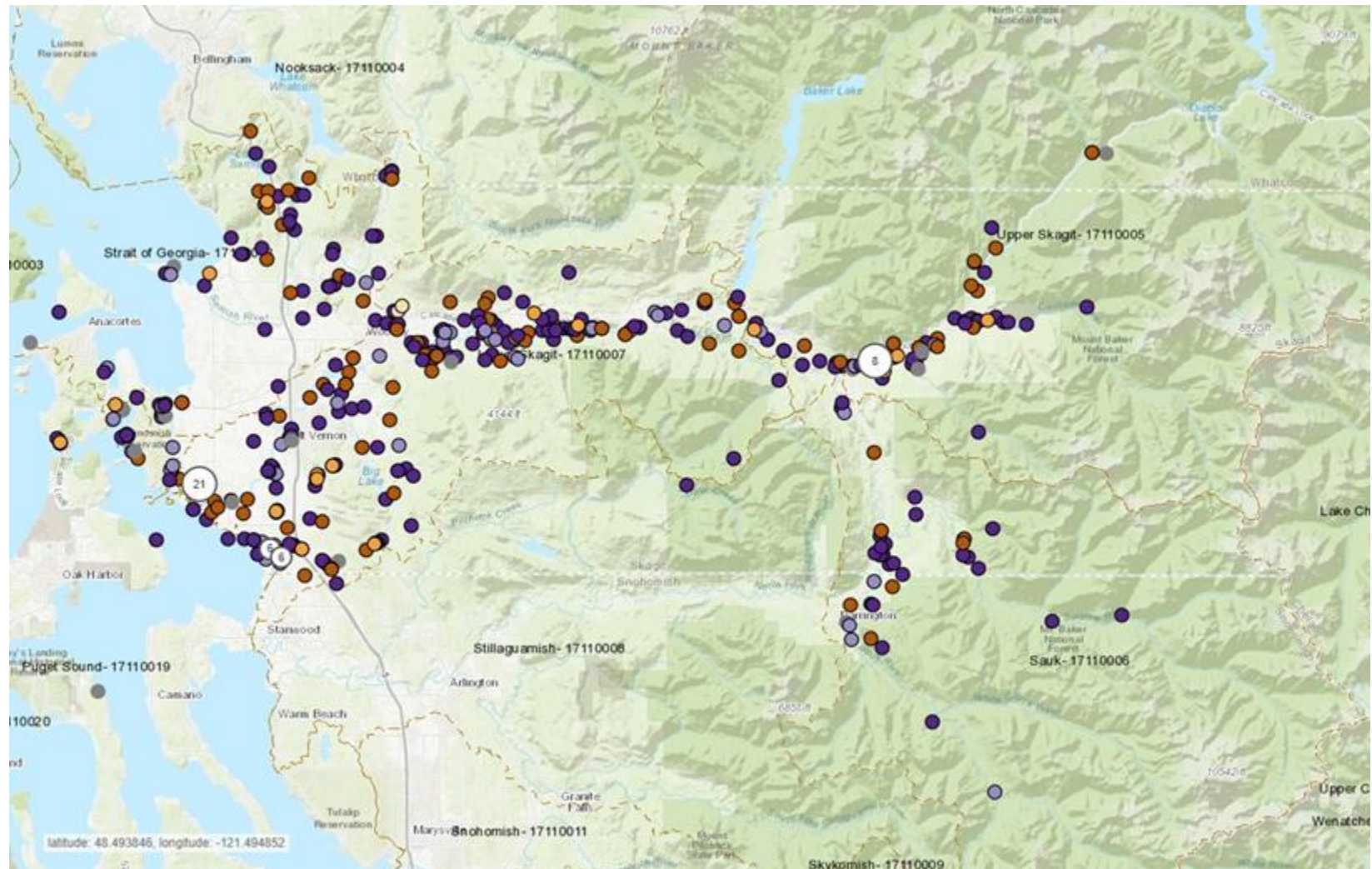


\*Focus of Lead Entities - Skagit Watershed Council

# Human Dimension of Recovery

- Section 8.5 Identifying Restoration Opportunities
  - Restoration should be applied across the life history strategies
  - And not to solely burden one land use or jurisdiction
- Restoration identified in the Recovery Plan
  - Fit with Chinook biology and system ecology
  - Technically feasible
  - Landowner willingness

## A whole life cycle approach



<https://srp.rco.wa.gov/projectmap?mlayer=projects>